

As an important power storage device, the demand for capacitors for high-temperature applications has gradually increased in recent years. However, drastically degraded energy storage performance due to the critical conduction loss severely restricted the utility of dielectric polymers at high temperatures. Hence, we propose a facile preparation method to suppress ...

Due to the oxidation treatment, the device's energy storage capacity was doubled to 430 mFcm^{-3} with a maximum energy density of 0.04 mWh cm^{-3} . In addition, ... Issues related to liquid electrolyte leakage and slow charge transfer in solar cells (QDSCs) have been addressed as they are a future renewable energy source. ...

The substantial improvement in the recoverable energy storage density of freestanding PZT thin films, experiencing a 251% increase compared to the strain (defect)-free state, presents an effective and promising approach for ferroelectric devices demanding exceptional energy storage capabilities.

This study reports the fabrication of manganese (Mn) doped antiferroelectric (AFE) thick films (thickness of $\sim 2 \text{ mm}$) of $(\text{Pb}_{0.93}\text{La}_{0.07})(\text{Zr}_{0.82}\text{Ti}_{0.18})\text{O}_3$ (PLZT 7/82/18) at room temperature using aerosol deposition (AD) technique without any additional thermal treatment. The Mn-doped PLZT 7/82/18 AD thick films demonstrate excellent energy storage ...

The development of efficient, high-energy and high-power electrochemical energy-storage devices requires a systems-level holistic approach, rather than focusing on the electrode or electrolyte ...

Dielectric energy storage capacitors with ultrafast charging-discharging rates are indispensable for the development of the electronics industry and electric power systems 1,2,3. However, their low ...

Flexible energy storage devices based on an aqueous electrolyte, alternative battery chemistry, is thought to be a promising power source for such flexible electronics. ... electrolyte and polymer matrix in shape of hydrogel has been applied as one of the useful candidates in flexible energy storage devices to prevent the leakage of electrolyte ...

However, most current ZEESDs are rigid devices, bringing about issues such as fragility and failing to fulfill the flexibility standards of wearable devices [22, 23]. As a result, the study of flexible ZEESDs has attracted great attention, but there are still several challenges need to be addressed [[24], [25], [26], [27]]. While gel electrolytes could avoid the problem of ...

Phase change materials (PCMs) offer a promising solution to address the challenges posed by intermittency and fluctuations in solar thermal utilization. However, for organic solid-liquid PCMs, issues such as leakage,

low thermal conductivity, lack of efficient solar-thermal media, and flammability have constrained their broad applications. Herein, we ...

Electrostatic capacitors are among the most important components in electrical equipment and electronic devices, and they have received increasing attention over the last two decades, especially in the fields of new energy vehicles (NEVs), advanced propulsion weapons, renewable energy storage, high-voltage transmission, and medical defibrillators, as shown in ...

To develop electrolytes suitable for flexible energy storage devices, it is imperative to modify the physical state of the electrolyte to a solid or quasi-solid form, thereby preventing any leakage ...

Up to now, several reviews on flexible nanofibers applied in EES devices have been reported. [] For example, Chen et al. [] summarized the latest development of fiber supercapacitors in terms of electrode materials, device structure, and performance. In addition, there are a couple of reviews on the fabrication and future challenges of flexible metal-ion ...

For implantable energy storage devices, to effectively improve leakage issues, internal short-circuiting, and ease of packaging, quasi-solid-state hydrogels composed of organic polymer matrices with ion-conducting species are often used as electrolytes.

Energy storage devices (ESDs) include rechargeable batteries, super-capacitors (SCs), hybrid capacitors, etc. ... To improve the stability and durability of the electrode heat treatment of the electrode is necessary. The temperature and duration of the heat treatment depend on the specific materials used, but in all the conditions the electrode ...

Electrode materials are of decisive importance in determining the performance of electrochemical energy storage (EES) devices. Typically, the electrode materials are physically mixed with polymer binders and conductive additives, which are then loaded on the current collectors to function in real devices. Such a configuration inevitably reduces the content of ...

Recently, the three-dimensional (3D) printing of solid-state electrochemical energy storage (EES) devices has attracted extensive interests. By enabling the fabrication of well- designed EES device architectures, enhanced electrochemical performances with fewer safety risks can be achieved. In this review article,

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