

With the deliberate design of entropy, we achieve an optimal overall energy storage performance in Bi₄Ti₃O₁₂-based medium-entropy films, featuring a high energy density of 178.1 J cm⁻³ with ...

Tremendous efforts have been made for further improvement of the energy storage density of BTO ceramic. The nature of strongly intercoupled macrodomains in the FE state can be modified to nanodomains as a characteristic of the relaxor-ferroelectric (RFE) state that lowers the energy barriers for polarization switching, and gives rise to a slimmer ...

Ultrafast charge/discharge process and ultrahigh power density enable dielectrics essential components in modern electrical and electronic devices, especially in pulse power systems. However, in recent years, the energy storage performances of present dielectrics are increasingly unable to satisfy the growing demand for miniaturization and integration, ...

In the past decade, efforts have been made to optimize these parameters to improve the energy-storage performances of MLCCs. Typically, to suppress the polarization hysteresis loss, constructing relaxor ferroelectrics (RFEs) with nanodomain structures is an effective tactic in ferroelectric-based dielectrics [e.g., BiFeO₃ (7, 8), (Bi_{0.5}Na_{0.5})TiO₃ (9, ...

a The publication data obtained from the "ISI Web of Science" for 10 years (2010-2020).b Percentage of publications based on the various energy storage materials.c Publications percentage based on the form of ceramics for energy storage.d Development history for electrical energy storage for lead-free bulk ceramics. 0.7BaTiO₃-0.3BiScO₃, 0.85(K_{0.5}Na_{0.5})NbO₃ ...

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